

Measuring and Comparing Capacity

Name: _____

Date: _____

Part A: Understanding Capacity

Remember: 1 litre (L) = 1000 millilitres (mL)

1. Circle the larger capacity:

- a) 500 mL or 2 L
- b) 1500 mL or 1 L
- c) 3 L or 2500 mL
- d) 750 mL or 1 L

Part B: Converting Units

2. Convert these measurements:

- a) 2 L = _____ mL
- b) 5000 mL = _____ L
- c) 3 L = _____ mL
- d) 4000 mL = _____ L
- e) 6 L = _____ mL
- f) 8000 mL = _____ L

Part C: Comparing Containers

3. Write <, >, or = to compare:

- a) 2 L _____ 1500 mL
- b) 4000 mL _____ 4 L
- c) 3500 mL _____ 4 L
- d) 5 L _____ 5000 mL
- e) 2500 mL _____ 3 L

Part D: Real-World Capacity

4. A bucket holds 5 litres and a jug holds 2500 mL. How much more capacity does the bucket have?

Answer: _____

5. Sam has three bottles: 1 L, 750 mL, and 1500 mL. What is the total capacity?

Answer: _____

6. A fish tank holds 8 litres of water. If 3500 mL is already in the tank, how much more water is needed to fill it?

Answer: _____

Part E: Ordering Capacity

7. Order these containers from smallest to largest capacity:

4 L 3500 mL 2 L 5000 mL

_____	_____
_____	_____